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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		NG DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/605,489 10/02/2003		/02/2003	Martin Kin-Fei Lee	129284	2488	
27127	7590	590 12/22/2004		EXAM	EXAMINER	
		MAN, P.C.	NGUYEN, CHAU N			
552 EAST 7 VALPARAI	· -			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				2831		
				DATE MAILED: 12/22/200	DATE MAILED: 12/22/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Apı	olication No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summary			605,489	LEE ET AL.					
			nminer	Art Unit					
		Cha	au N Nguyen	2831					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commun or Reply	ication appears	on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence a	ddress				
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNI INSIGNS of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this common period for reply specified above is less than thirty (3) period for reply is specified above, the maximum stare to reply within the set or extended period for reply reply received by the Office later than three months are digital part of the provision of the provisio	CATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). unication. 0) days, a reply within ututory period will app will, by statute, cause	In no event, however, may a reply be time the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days by and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the application to become ABANDONEI	nely filed s will be considered time the mailing date of this of (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status									
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) file	d on <u>08 Nove</u>	nber 2004.						
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL .	2b)∐ This actio	on is non-final.						
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispositi	ion of Claims								
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)⊠	Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1,3-13 and 17-20 is/are rejected.								
Applicati	on Papers								
9)[The specification is objected to by the	e Examiner.							
10)	10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.								
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119		•						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 									
Attachmen	t(s)								
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	TO 046'	4) Interview Summary		•				
3) 🔲 Inform	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or r No(s)/Mail Date		Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:		O-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 3. Claims 1, 3-7, 13 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Applicant's Admitted Prior Art (AAPA, Figure 1) in view of Ushiyama et al. (6,329,602).

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Figure 1 discloses the invention substantially as claimed except for the at least one member (15) comprising an opposing pair of edges parallel to the longitudinal length of the stator bar, wherein the edges are welded together.

Ushiyama et al. discloses a tube for wiring harness. Ushiyama et al. discloses an insulating member (30, Fig. 12) comprising an opposing pair of edges parallel to each other in the longitudinal length, wherein the edges are welded together. It would have been obvious that instead of wrapping insulating tape to form the member (15), one skilled in the art would simplify the step of enclosing the stator bar by using the insulating member taught by Ushiyama et al. to enclose the stator bar of Figure 1 (re claims 1, 3 and 13).

The combination of Figure 1 and Ushiyama et al. also discloses the member comprising a single member that defines each of the opposing edges that are attached together (re claim 4), the member having a rectangular outer perimeter defining four corners and four sides therebetween (re claim 5), the opposing pair of edges being located on one of the sides of the outer perimeter of the single member (re claims 7 and 17). Re claim 6, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art that depending on the specific use of the single member, the opposing pair of edges can be located along one of the four corners of the outer perimeter of the

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single member since it has been held that rearranging parts (or the edges) of an invention involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Japikse*, 86 USPQ 70.

4. Claims 8-12 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Applicant's Admitted Prior Art (AAPA, Figure 1) in view of Ushiyama et al. as applied to claims 1 and 13 above and further in view of Muto (4,909,638).

The combination of Figure 1 and Ushiyama et al. discloses the invention substantially as claimed except for the at least one member comprising two members, each of the members defining a corresponding one of the opposing pair of edges that are attached together, each member defining a corresponding one of the second opposing pair of edges that are attached together, each member being C-shaped, slots being defined in each pair of edges so that each slot of a first of the opposing pair of edges opposing a corresponding one of the slots of a second of the opposing pair of edges, a member secured by an interference fit in each pair of the opposing slots to mechanically secure together the opposing pair of edges, and the electrical insulation layer of the at least one member being electrometric or filled thermoplastic materials.

Muto discloses a covering member comprising at least one member comprising two members, each of the members defining a corresponding one of the opposing pair of edges that are attached together, each member defining a corresponding one of the second opposing pair of edges that are attached together, each member being C-shaped, slots being defined in each pair of edges so that each slot of a first of the opposing pair of edges opposing a corresponding one of the slots of a second of the opposing pair of edges, a member secured by an interference fit in each pair of the opposing slots to mechanically secure together the opposing pair of edges. It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to modify the covering member of Figure 1 (AAPA) to have a pair of opposing edges which comprise interlocking features that physically secure the edges together, as taught by Muto, to ease the step of enclosing the stator bar.

Re claim 12, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to use filled thermoplastic material for the at least one member of Figure 1 (AAPA) to meet the specific use of the resulting device since filled thermoplastic material is known in the art for being used to cover stator bar. Examiner takes Official Notice.

5. Claims 18 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Applicant's Admitted Prior Art (AAPA, Figure 1) in view of Ushiyama et al. as applied to claim 13 above and further in view of Emery (6,420,812).

The modified bar of Figure 1 (AAPA) discloses the invention substantially as claimed except for a conductive material on an interior and an exterior surface of the insulation material. Emery discloses a member for enclosing stator bar. Emery discloses the member comprising an insulation material (26) whose interior surface and exterior surface are covered by a conductive material (24,28). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to cover the interior and exterior surfaces of Figure 1's insulation material with a conductive material to provide an inner and outer corona protector respectively for the stator bar as taught by Emery.

Allowable Subject Matter

- 6. Claims 2 and 14-16 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 7. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: the prior art of record does not teach or suggest a stator bar comprising all the features as recited in the claims and in combination with each of

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the interlocking features being continuous along a corresponding one of the edges so as to be substantially parallel to the longitudinal length of the stator bar (re claims 2 and 14).

Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1 and 13 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection except for the following.

Applicant argues that nowhere does Ushiyama et al. ever disclose or even suggest that any of the disclosed tubes is formed on an electrical insulating material. Therefore, Ushiyama et al's tubes are not related to electrical insulating materials, but instead are merely protective coverings. This argument is not found persuasive because Ushiyama et al. does disclose the tubes being formed of electrical insulating material. Specifically, the cross-section hatching of the tubes shown in the drawings of Ushiyama et al. has symbol of "rubber or electrical insulation" material, see MPEP 608.02 (the symbol table used to indicate the materials). Ushiyama et al. also discloses that the tubes are formed of "foamed flexible" material. One skilled in the art would know that only plastic, thermoplastic, rubber, or thermoset can be foamed and not metal. Accordingly, Ushiyama et al. does disclose the tube being formed of electrical insulating

material. In response to applicant's argument that Ushiyama is nonanalogous art, it has been held that a prior art reference must either be in the field of applicant's endeavor or, if not, then be reasonably pertinent to the particular problem with which the applicant was concerned, in order to be relied upon as a basis for rejection of the claimed invention. See *In re Oetiker*, 977 F.2d 1443, 24 USPQ2d 1443 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, the Ushiyama et al. is in the field of applicant's endeavor, namely, covering to protect electrical wires.

In response to applicant's argument that Muto's "covering member" is not in any way related to electrical insulating materials, Muto is used only to support the position of a covering member comprising two members which can be attached together to ease the process of enclosing an object. Therefore, Muto does not have to disclose the covering member being formed of an insulating material.

Summary

9. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Communication

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Chau N Nguyen whose telephone number is 571-272-1980. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Dean Reichard can be reached on 571-272-2800 ext 31. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Chau N Nguyen
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 2831

Chankgun